

# PVSYST 7


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## 3D Procedures Ground & Topography



# INTRODUCTION


This document is a help following your request for support.

The complete reference manual for PVsyst is the online help that is accessible from the program through the “Help” entries in the menus, by pressing the F1 key or by clicking on the help icons  inside the windows and dialogs.

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# 1: Importing a ground topography from Google Earth

- Open Google Earth Pro (this software is free even if it's called "Pro")
- From the menu "Tools>Options>Navigation", check "Do not automatically tilt while zooming" (in order to be always in a 90° top view from the ground)
- Select a location by setting and address or by scrolling with the mouse
- Click on the "Path" tool  and draw as many points as possible with the mouse to define the desired area (the polygon tool will only generate the elevation data for the polygon's corners, it's not sufficient to extract the topography of the polygon area)
- On "Altitude tab", select "Ground level"

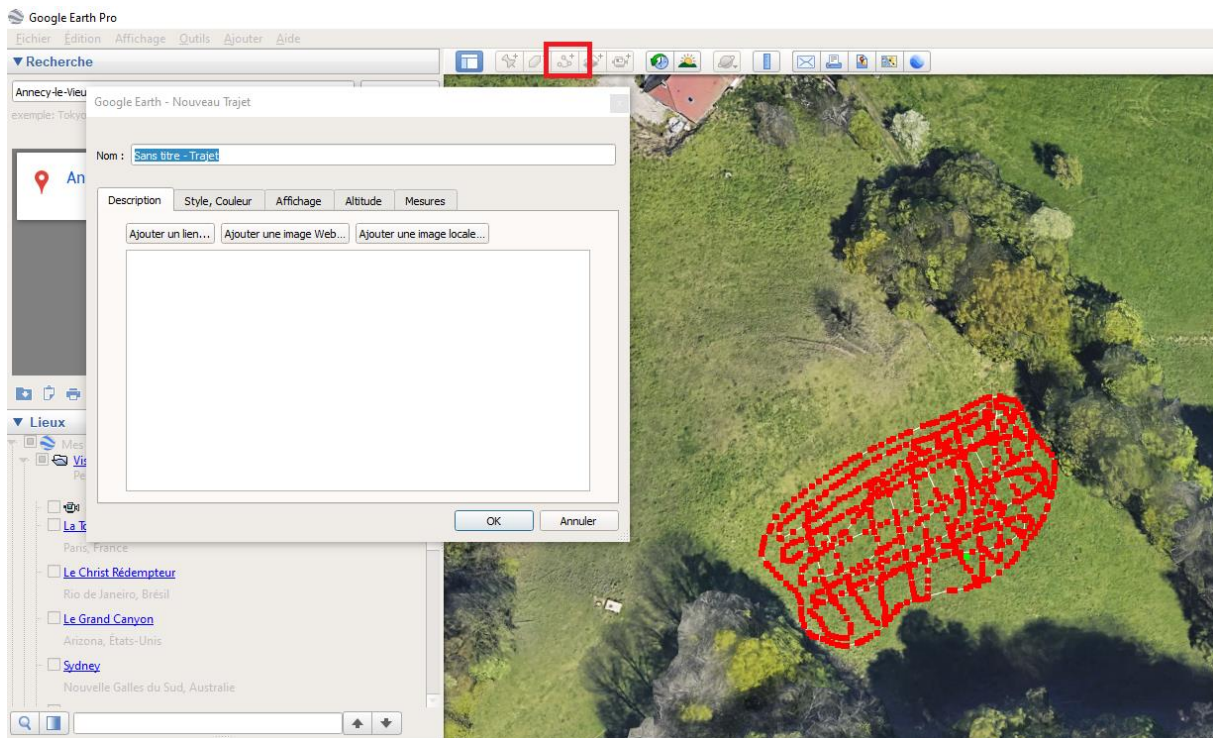


Figure 1 : Google Earth Pro

- Click on "OK" to close the path tool

- Select the generated path and save it as a KML file :

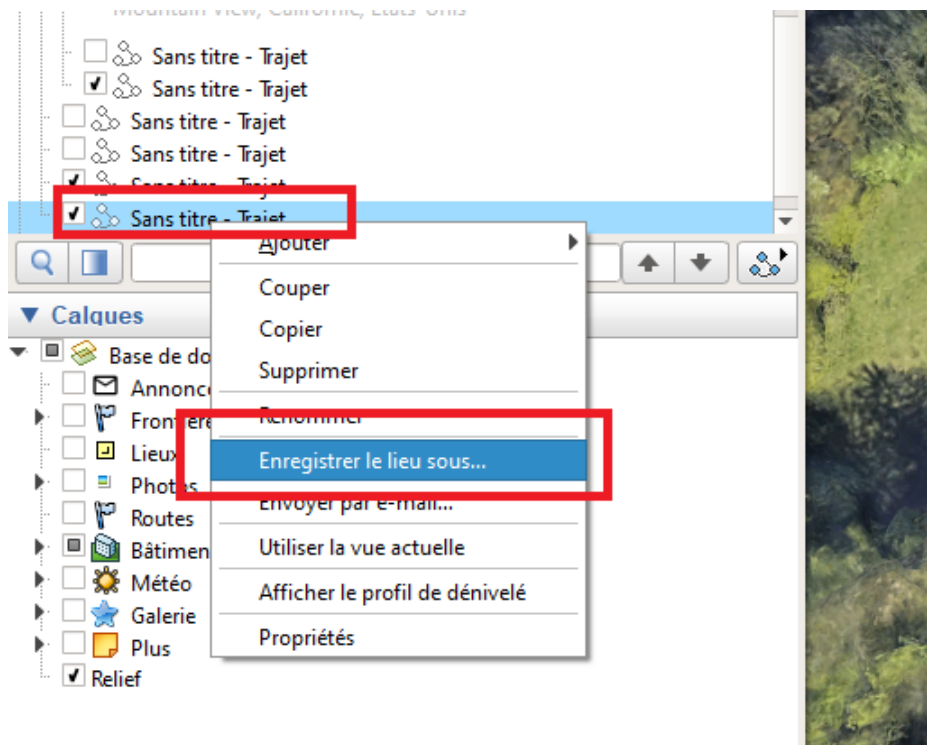


Figure 2 : google earth - Save as

- Go to [https://www.gpsvisualizer.com/convert\\_input](https://www.gpsvisualizer.com/convert_input)
- Select “Plain text” as “Output format”
- Select your KML file from “Upload your files here”
- Select “Semi-colon” for “Plain text delimiter”
- Select “Best available source” in “Add DEM elevation data” list

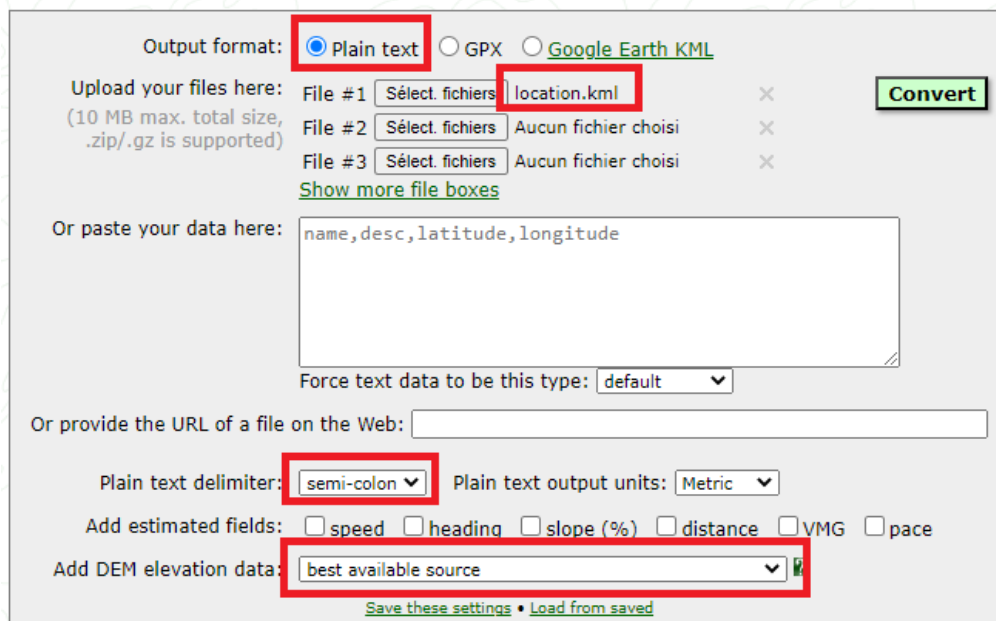


Figure 3 : Google earth - Output format



- Click on “Show advanced parameters”
- Select “No” for “Repeat header row in plain-text output”
- Select “Yes” for “Output UTM coordinates”

**Misc. Options**

Repeat header row in plain-text output: **No** (If no, a "new\_track" field will be used)

Output UTM coordinates: **Yes** (in plain-text output only)

Time offset:  hours

Moving average range for estimated fields (speed, slope, etc.):  point(s)

Check this box if your GPX input file uses the wrong unit (km/h) for speed data:

Figure 4 : Misc. Options

- Click on “Convert”
- Copy the generated content

The contents of your file are also displayed in this box, if you'd rather cut and paste:

```

type;latitude;longitude;utm_zone;utm_easting;utm_northing;altitude (m);name;desc
T;44.364489382;3.870649091;31T;569374.8;4912725.7;1437.1;Sans titre - Trajet;
T;44.364472991;3.870588669;31T;569370;4912723.9;1438.4;;
T;44.364468877;3.870533200;31T;569365.6;4912723.4;1439.5;;
T;44.364460992;3.870499121;31T;569362.9;4912722.5;1440.1;;
T;44.364453448;3.870461007;31T;569359.9;4912721.6;1440.7;;
T;44.364453612;3.870456815;31T;569359.6;4912721.6;1440.8;;
T;44.364445267;3.870435609;31T;569357.9;4912720.7;1441.2;;
T;44.364425931;3.870372310;31T;569352.9;4912718.5;1442.1;;
T;44.364414733;3.870338587;31T;569350.2;4912717.2;1442.6;;
T;44.364409141;3.870321745;31T;569348.8;4912716.6;1442.8;;
T;44.364406322;3.870313318;31T;569348.2;4912716.2;1443.0;;
T;44.364400501;3.870290673;31T;569347.0;4912715.6;1443.1;;

```

Map this data: [Leaflet](#), [Google Maps](#), [Google Earth](#), [JPEG map](#), [SVG map](#), or [elevation profile](#) — or go to the [map](#)

Figure 5 : Google Earth - Data format

- Past the content to Excel

- Click on menu “Data>Convert” and select “Delimited” file

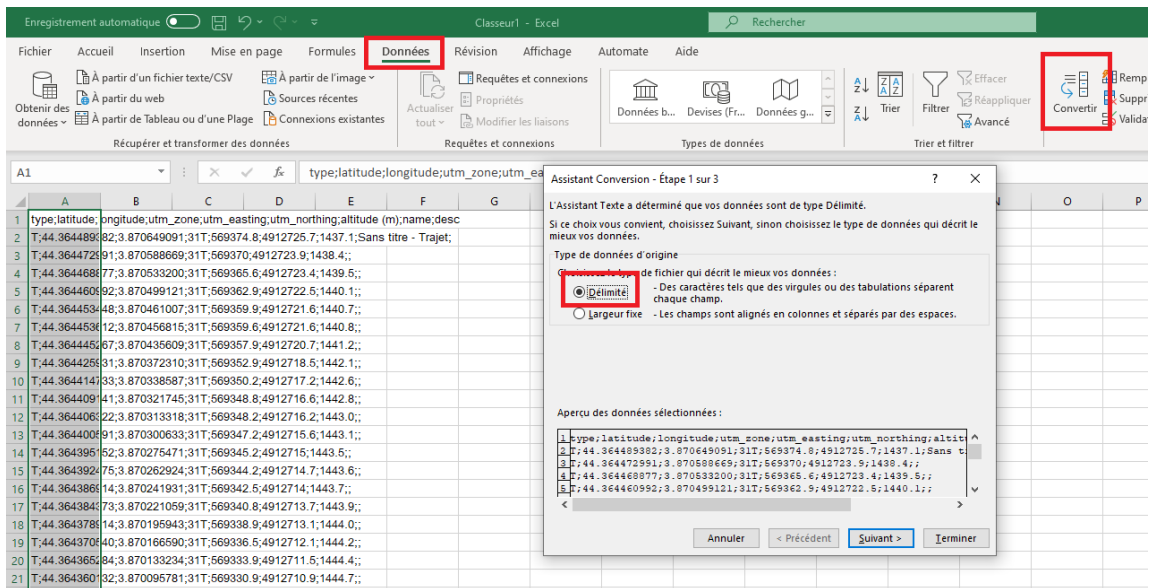


Figure 6 : Excel data

- Click on “Next” and select “Semi-colon” as delimiter, click on “Next”
- Remove the first 4 columns (from “type” to “utm\_zone”), keep only columns “utm\_easting”, “utm\_northing” and “altitude”

	A	B	C	D
1	utm_easting	utm_northin	altitude (m)	
2	569374.8	4912725.7	1437.1	
3	569370	4912723.9	1438.4	
4	569365.6	4912723.4	1439.5	
5	569362.9	4912722.5	1440.1	
6	569359.9	4912721.6	1440.7	
7	569359.6	4912721.6	1440.8	
8	569357.9	4912720.7	1441.2	
9	569352.9	4912718.5	1442.1	
10	569350.2	4912717.2	1442.6	
11	569348.8	4912716.6	1442.8	
12	569348.2	4912716.2	1443	
13	569347.2	4912715.6	1443.1	
14	569345.2	4912715	1443.5	
15	569344.2	4912714.7	1443.6	
16	569342.5	4912714	1443.7	

Figure 7 : Data

- Save as .CSV and close excel

- In PVsyst 3D scene, from the menu “File>Import>Import ground data (CSV)”, select and import your file

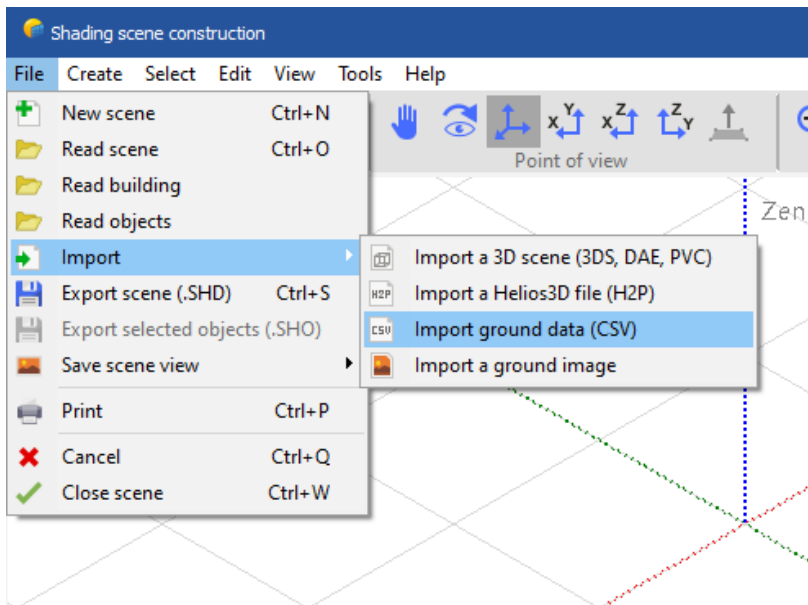


Figure 8 : PVsyst - Import ground data

- Your topography should be correctly imported:

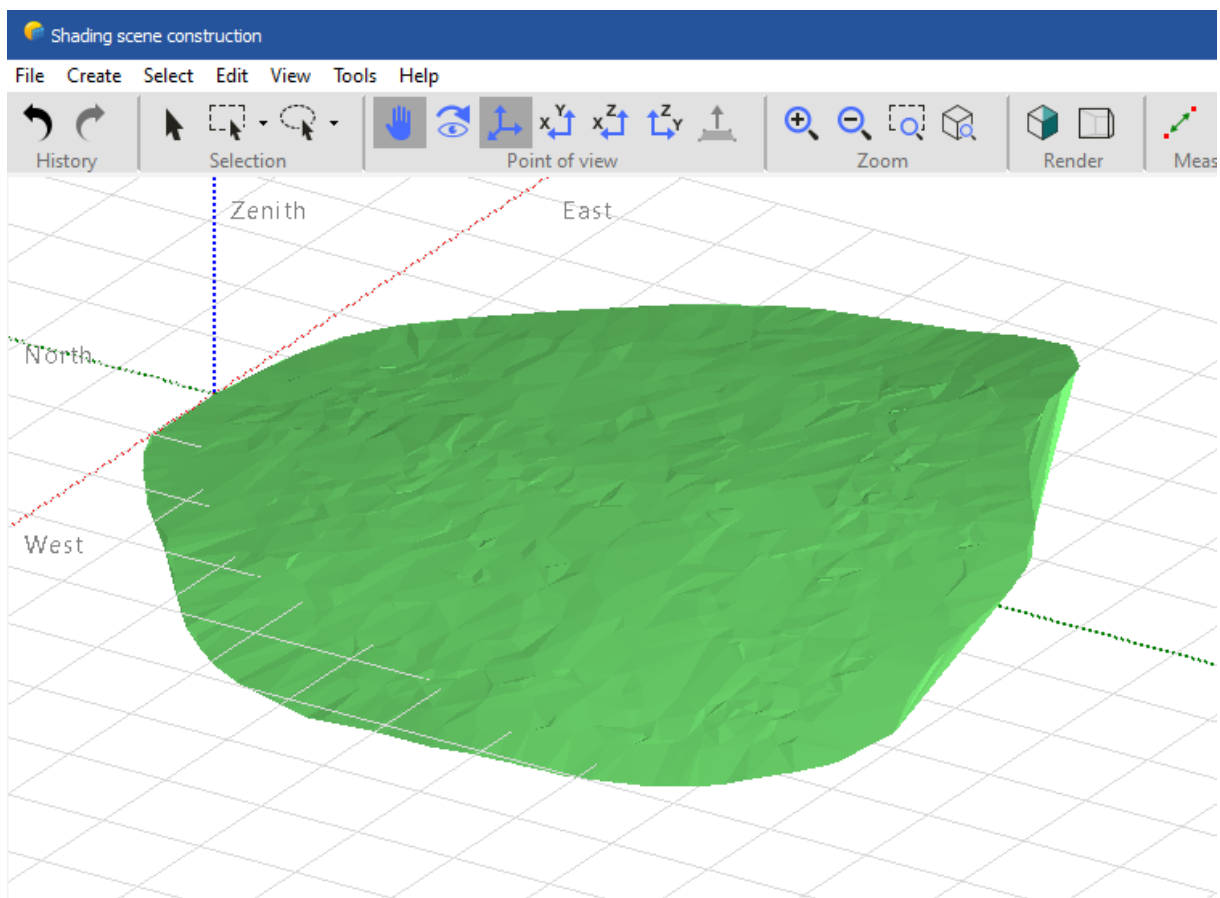


Figure 9 : PVsyst ground





- In the layers list, make “Snapshot” layer invisible and “Terrain” layer visible :

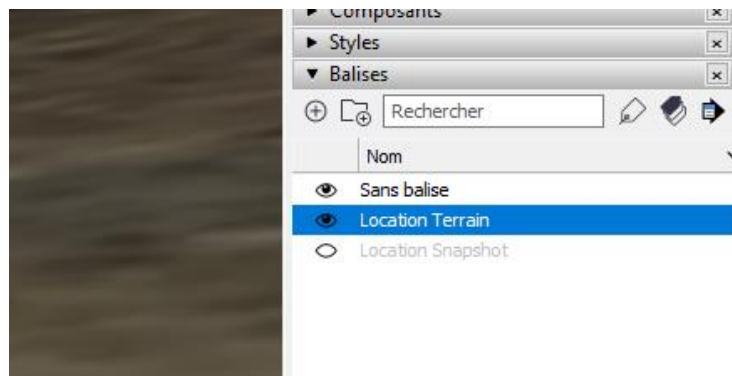


Figure 11 : Location terrain

- Right click on the ground image and select “Unlock” then “Explode”

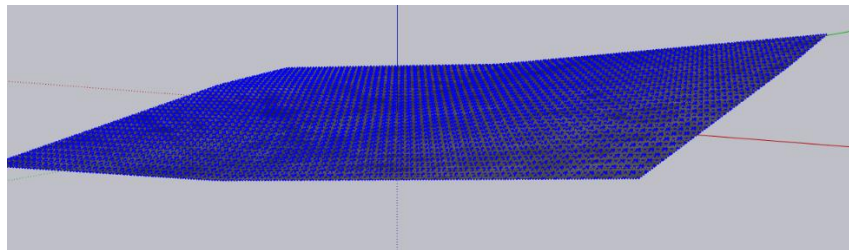


Figure 12 : Ground under Sketchup

- From menu “File>Export>3D model”, save the terrain as “.DAE” file
- In PVsyst 3D scene, from the menu “File>Import>Import a 3D scene (3DS, DAE,PVC)”, select and import your file
- Click on “OK” in the import dialog: your 3D object is imported in the 3D scene
- Right-click on it and select “Transform to a ground object”

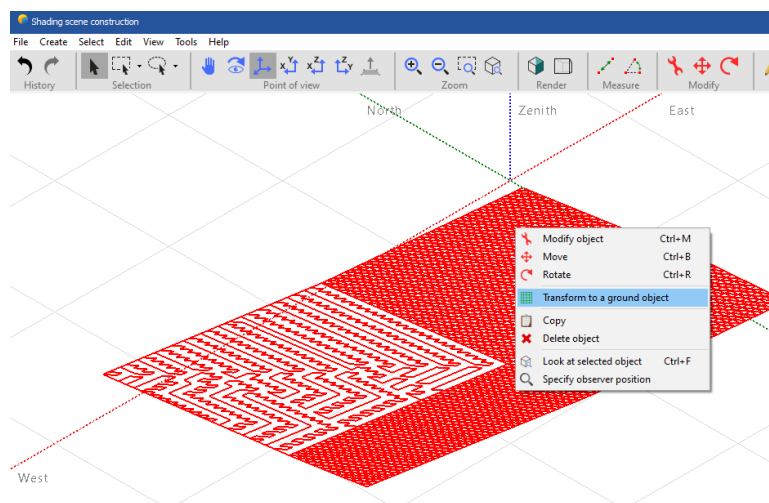


Figure 13 : PVsyst - Transform to a ground object